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Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Rules, 2007/2012

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(TO BE PUBLISHED IN THE GAZETTE OF INDIA,
EXTRAORDINARY, PART II, SECTION 3, SUB-SECTION (i)
OF DATED 1st JANUARY, 2008)

With Amendments on 6th September 2012

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF TRIBAL AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 1st January, 2008

NOTIFICATION¹

G.S.R. No. 1(E) WHEREAS the draft of Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Rules, 2007 were published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 14 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 (2 of 2007) under the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Tribal Affairs number G.S.R. 437 (E), dated the 19th June 2007 in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3, sub-section (i) of the same date, inviting objections and suggestions from all persons likely to be affected thereby, before the expiry of the period of thirty days from the date on which the copies of the Gazette containing the said notification are made available to the public;

AND WHEREAS the copies of the said Gazette were made available to the public as on 25.06.2007.

AND WHEREAS the objections and suggestions received from the public in respect of the said draft rules have been duly considered by the Central Government;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 14 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 (2 of 2007), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules for recognizing and vesting the forest rights and occupation in forest land in forest dwelling Scheduled Tribes and other traditional forest dwellers residing in such forests, namely:- :-

¹ Note: The symbol “#” represents the original formulation of Rules issued in 2007 and notified on January 1, 2008; and has also been reproduced for easy reference.

1. Short title, extent and commencement.- (1) These rules may be called the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Rules, 2007².

(2) They shall extend to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(3) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. Definitions :- (1) In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,-

a) "Act" means the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 (2 of 2007);

b) "bona fide livelihood needs" means fulfilment of livelihood needs of self and family through exercise of any of the rights specified in sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Act and includes sale of surplus produce arising out of exercise of such rights;³

c) "claimant" means an individual, group of individuals, family or community making a claim for recognition and vesting of rights listed in the Act;

(ca) "community rights" means the rights listed in clauses (b), (c), (d), (e), (h), (i), (j), (k) and (l) of sub-section (1) of section 3⁴

d) disposal of minor forest produce" under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 shall include right to sell as well as individual or collective processing, storage, value addition, transportation within and outside forest area through appropriate means of transport for use of such produce or sale by gatherers or their cooperatives or associations or federations for livelihood;

Explanation:

(1) The transit permit regime in relation to transportation of minor forest produce shall be modified and given by the Committee constituted under clause (e) of sub-rule (1) of rule 4 or the person authorized by the Gram Sabha,

(2) This procedural requirement of transit permit in no way shall restrict or abridge the right to disposal of

² Note that these Rules have been substantially amended by the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

³ Substituted by Rule 2(1) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

Rule 2(1) (b) "bonafide livelihood needs" means fulfillment of sustenance needs of self and family through production or sale of produce resulting from self-cultivation of forest land as provided under clauses (a), (c) and (d) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Act;

⁴ Inserted by Rule 2 (ii) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

minor forest produce,

(3) The collection of minor forest produce shall be free of all royalties or fees or any other charges⁵

- e) “Forest Rights Committee” means a committee constituted by the Gram Sabha under rule 3;
- f) “section” means the section of the Act

(2) The words and expressions used and not defined in these rules but defined in the Act, shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.

2A. Identification of hamlets or settlements and process of their consolidation - The State Government shall ensure that, -

- (a) every panchayat, within its boundaries, prepares a list of group of hamlets or habitations, unrecorded or unsurveyed settlements or forest villages or taungya villages, formally not part of any Revenue or Forest village record and have this list passed by convening Gram Sabha of each such habitation, hamlets or habitations included as villages for the purpose of the Act through a resolution in the Panchayat and submit such list to Sub Division Level Committee.
- (b) the Sub-Divisional Officers of the Sub Division Level Committee consolidate the lists of hamlets and habitations which at present are not part of any village but have been included as villages within the Panchayat through a resolution, and are formalised as a village either by adding to the existing village or otherwise after following the process as provided in the relevant State laws and that the lists are finalised by the District Level Committee after considering public comments, if any.
- (c) on finalisation of the lists of hamlets and habitations, the process of recognition and vesting of rights in these hamlets and habitations is undertaken without disturbing any rights, already recognized.⁶

⁵ Substituted by Rule 2(iii) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

Rule 2(I)(d) “disposal of minor forest produce” under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Act shall include local level processing, value addition, transportation in forest area through head-loads, bicycle and handcarts for use of such produce or sale by the gatherer or the community for livelihood;

⁶ Inserted by Rule 3 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

3. Gram Sabha.-

(1) The Gram Sabhas shall be convened by the Gram Panchayat and in its first meeting it shall elect from amongst its members, a committee of not less than ten but not exceeding fifteen persons as members of the Forest Rights Committee, wherein at least two-third members shall be the Scheduled Tribes.⁷

Provided that not less than one-third of such members shall be women:

Provided further that where there are no Scheduled Tribes, at least one-third of such members shall be women.

(2) The Forest Rights Committee shall decide on a chairperson and a secretary and intimate it to the Sub-Divisional Level Committee.

(3) When a member of the Forest Rights Committee is also a claimant of individual forest right, he shall inform the Committee and shall not participate in the verification proceedings when his claim is considered.

(4) The Forest Rights Committee shall not reopen the forest rights recognized or the process of verification of the claims already initiated before the date of coming into force of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendments Rules, 2012.⁸

4. Functions of the Gram Sabha.-

(1) The Gram Sabha shall -

- (a) initiate the process of determining the nature and extent of forest rights, receive and hear the claims relating thereto;
- (b) prepare a list of claimants of forests rights and maintain a register containing such details of claimants and their claims as the Central Government may by order determine;
- (c) pass a resolution on claims on forest rights after giving reasonable opportunity to interested persons and authorities concerned and forward the same to the Sub-Divisional Level Committee;
- (d) consider resettlement packages under clause (e) of sub section (2) of section 4 of the Act and pass appropriate resolutions; and

⁷ Substituted by the words of Rule 4(a) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012

Rule 3 (I) “.....wherein at least one-third members shall be the Scheduled Tribes”

⁸ Inserted by Rule 4 (b) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

- (e) Constitute Committees for the protection of wildlife, forest and biodiversity, from amongst its members, in order to carry out the provisions of section 5 of the Act.
 - (f) monitor and control the committee constituted under clause (e) which shall prepare a conservation and management plan for community forest resources in order to sustainably and equitably manage such community forest resources for the benefit of forest dwelling Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers and integrate such conservation and management plan with the micro plans or working plans or management plans of the forest department with such modifications as may be considered necessary by the committee
 - (g) Approve all decisions of the committee pertaining to issue of transit permits, use of income from sale of produce, or modification of management plans⁹.
- (2) The quorum of the Gram Sabha meeting shall not be less than one-half of all members of such Gram Sabha:
 Provided that at least one-third of the members present shall be women:
 Provided further that where any resolutions in respect of claims to forest rights are to be passed, at least fifty per cent of the claimants to forest rights or their representatives shall be present:
 Provided also that such resolutions shall be passed by a simple majority of those present and voting”.¹⁰
- (3) The Gram Sabha shall be provided with the necessary assistance by the authorities in the State.

5. Sub-Divisional Level Committee: - The State Government shall constitute Sub-Divisional Level Committee with the following members, namely:-

- (a) Sub-Divisional Officer or equivalent officer - Chairperson;
- (b) Forest Officer in charge of a Sub-division or equivalent officer - member;
- (c) three members of the Block or Tehsil level Panchayats to be nominated by the District Panchayat of whom at least two shall be the Scheduled Tribes preferably those who are forest dwellers, or who belong to the primitive tribal groups and where there are no Scheduled Tribes, two members who are preferably other traditional forest dwellers, and one shall be a woman member; or in areas covered

⁹ Inserted by Rule 5(i) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

¹⁰ Substituted by Rule 5(ii) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012

Rule 4 (2) *The quorum of the Gram Sabha meeting shall be not less than two thirds of all members of such Gram Sabha:*

Provided that where there is a heterogeneous population of Scheduled Tribes and non Scheduled Tribes in any village, the members of the Scheduled Tribe, primitive tribal groups (PTGs) and pre-agricultural communities shall be adequately represented.

under the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution, three members nominated by the Autonomous District Council or Regional Council or other appropriate zonal level, of whom at least one shall be a woman member; and

- (d) an officer of the Tribal Welfare Department in-charge of the Sub-division or where such officer is not available the officer in-charge of the tribal affairs.

6. Functions of the Sub-Divisional Level Committee.- The Sub-Divisional Level Committee (SDLC) shall -

- (a) provide information to each Gram Sabha about their duties and duties of holder of forest rights and others towards protection of wildlife, forest and biodiversity with reference to critical flora and fauna which need to be conserved and protected ;
- (b) provide forest and revenue maps and electoral rolls to the Gram Sabha or the Forest Rights Committee;
- (c) collate all the resolutions of the concerned Gram Sabhas;
- (d) consolidate maps and details provided by the Gram Sabhas;
- (e) examine the resolutions and the maps of the Gram Sabhas to ascertain the veracity of the claims;
- (f) hear and adjudicate disputes between Gram Sabhas on the nature and extent of any forest rights;
- (g) hear petitions from persons, including State agencies, aggrieved by the resolutions of the Gram Sabhas;
- (h) co-ordinate with other Sub-Divisional Level Committees for inter sub-divisional claims ;
- (i) prepare block or tehsil-wise draft record of proposed forest rights after reconciliation of government records;
- (j) forward the claims with the draft record of proposed forest rights through the Sub-Divisional Officer to the District Level Committee for final decision;
- (k) raise awareness among forest dwellers about the objectives and procedures laid down under the Act and in the rules ;
- (l) ensure easy and free availability of proforma of claims to the claimants as provided in Annexure-I (Forms A, B and C) of these rules.”¹¹
- (m) ensure that the Gram Sabha meetings are conducted in free, open and fair manner with requisite quorum.

¹¹ Substituted by Rule 6 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012
Rule 6 (l) “ensure easy and free availability of proforma of claims to the claimants as provided in Annexure-I (Forms A & B) of these rules”.

7. District Level Committee.- The State Government shall constitute District Level Committee (DLC) with the following members, namely:-

- (a) District Collector or Deputy Commissioner - Chairperson;
- (b) concerned Divisional Forest Officer or concerned Deputy Conservator of Forest - member;
- (c) three members of the district panchayat to be nominated by the district panchayat, of whom at least two shall be the Scheduled Tribes preferably those who are forest dwellers, or who belong to members of the primitive tribal groups, and where there are no Scheduled Tribes, two members who are preferably other traditional forest dwellers, and one shall be a woman member; or in areas covered under the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution, three members nominated by the Autonomous District Council or Regional Council of whom at least one shall be a woman member; and
- (d) an officer of the Tribal Welfare Department in-charge of the district or where such officer is not available, the officer in charge of the tribal affairs.

8. Functions of District Level Committee.- The District Level Committee shall

- (a) ensure that the requisite information under clause (b) of rule 6 has been provided to Gram Sabha or Forest Rights Committee;
- (b) examine whether all claims, especially those of primitive tribal groups, pastoralists and nomadic tribes, have been addressed keeping in mind the objectives of the Act;
- (c) consider and finally approve the claims and record of forest rights prepared by the Sub-Divisional Level Committee;
- (d) hear petitions from persons aggrieved by the orders of the Sub-Divisional Level Committee;
- (e) co-ordinate with other districts regarding inter-district claims;
- (f) issue directions for incorporation of the forest rights in the relevant government records including record of rights;
- (g) ensure publication of the record of forest rights as may be finalized (**)¹²
- (h) ensure that a certified copy of the record of forest rights and title under the Act, as specified in Annexures II & III to these rules, is provided to the concerned claimant and the Gram Sabha respectively and¹³
- (i) ensure that a certified copy of the record of the right to community forest resource and title under the Act, as specified in Annexure IV to these rules, is provided to the concerned Gram Sabha or the community whose rights

¹² The word “and” omitted by Rule 7(1) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012

¹³The word “and” inserted by Rule 7 (ii) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012

over community forest resource have been recognized under clause (i) of sub-section(1) of Section 3.¹⁴

9. State Level Monitoring Committee. - The State Government shall constitute a State Level Monitoring Committee with the following members, namely:-

- (a) Chief Secretary - Chairperson;
- (b) Secretary, Revenue Department - member;
- (c) Secretary, Tribal or Social Welfare Department - member;
- (d) Secretary, Forest Department - member;
- (e) Secretary, Panchayati Raj - member;
- (f) Principal Chief Conservator of Forests - member;
- (g) three Scheduled Tribes member of the Tribes Advisory Council, to be nominated by the Chairperson of the Tribes Advisory Council and where there is no Tribes Advisory Council, three Scheduled Tribes members to be nominated by the State Government;
- (h) Commissioner, Tribal Welfare or equivalent who shall be the Member-Secretary.

10. Functions of the State Level Monitoring Committee.- The State Level Monitoring Committee shall –

- (a) devise criteria and indicators for monitoring the process of recognition and vesting of forest rights;
- (b) monitor the process of recognition, verification and vesting of forest rights in the State;
- (c) meet at least once in three months to monitor the process of recognition, verification and vesting of forest rights, consider and address the field level problems, and furnish a quarterly report in the format appended as Annexure V to these rules, to the Central Government on their assessment regarding the status of claims, the compliance with the steps required under the Act, details of claims approved, reasons for rejection, if any and the status of pending claims.¹⁵
- (d) on receipt of a notice as mentioned in section 8 of the Act, take appropriate actions against the concerned authorities under the Act;
- (e) monitor resettlement under sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Act.
- (f) Specifically monitor compliance of the provisions contained in clause (m) of sub-section (1) of section 3 and sub-

¹⁴ Inserted by Rule 7(iii) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012).

¹⁵ Substituted by Rule 8 (i) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012
Rule 10 (c).“furnish a six monthly report on the process of recognition, verification and vesting of forest rights and submit to the nodal agency such returns and reports as may be called for by the nodal agency”.

section (8) of section 4.¹⁶

11. Procedure for filing, determination and verification of claims by the Gram Sabha.-

(1) The Gram Sabhas shall :-

(a) call for claims and authorize the Forest Rights Committee to accept the claims in the Form as provided in Annexure-I of these rules and such claims shall be made within a period of three months from the date of such calling of claims along with at least two of the evidences mentioned in rule 13, shall be made within a period of three months:

Provided that the Gram Sabha may, if consider necessary, extend such period of three months after recording the reasons thereof in writing.

(b) fix a date for initiating the process of determination of its community forest resource and intimate the same to the adjoining Gram Sabhas where there are substantial overlaps, and the Sub-Divisional Level Committee.

(2) The Forest Rights Committee shall assist the Gram Sabha in its functions to

(i) receive, acknowledge and retain the claims in the specified form and evidence in support of such claims;

(ii) prepare the record of claims and evidence including maps;

(iii) prepare a list of claimants on forest rights;

(iv) verify claims as provided in these rules;

(v) present their findings on the nature and extent of the claim before the Gram Sabha for its consideration.

(3) Every claim received shall be duly acknowledged in writing by the Forest Rights Committee.

(4) The Forest Rights Committee shall also prepare the claims on behalf of Gram Sabha for “community forest rights in Form B and the right over community forest resource under clause (i) of sub-section (1) of Section 3 in Form C.”¹⁷

(5) The Gram Sabha shall on receipt of the findings under clause (v) of sub-rule (2), meet with prior

¹⁶ Inserted by Rule 8(ii) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

¹⁷ The word “community forest rights in Form B” substituted by Rule 9 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

Rule 11(4) “community forest rights in Form B”

notice, to consider the findings of the Forest Rights Committee, pass appropriate resolutions, and shall forward the same to the Sub-Divisional Level Committee.

(6) The Secretary of Gram Panchayat will also act as Secretary to the Gram Sabhas in discharge of its functions.

12. Process of verifying claims by Forest Rights Committee:

(1) The Forest Rights Committee shall, after due intimation to the concerned claimant and the Forest Department :-

- (a) visit the site and physically verify the nature and extent of the claim and evidence on the site;
- (b) receive any further evidence or record from the claimant and witnesses;
- (c) ensure that the claim from pastoralists and nomadic tribes for determination of their rights, which may either be through individual members, the community or traditional community institution, are verified at a time when such individuals, communities or their representatives are present;
- (d) ensure that the claim from member of a primitive tribal group or pre-agricultural community for determination of their rights to habitat, which may either be through their community or traditional community institution, are verified when such communities or their representatives are present; and
- (e) prepare a map delineating the area of each claim indicating recognizable landmarks.
- (f) delineate the customary boundaries of the community forest resource with other members of the Gram Sabha including elders who are well versed with such boundaries and customary access
- (g) prepare a community forest resource map with recognizable land marks and through substantial evidence as enumerated in sub-rule (2) of rule 13 and thereafter, such community forest resource claim shall be approved by a resolution of the Gram Sabha passed by a simple majority.

Explanation: The delineation of community forest resource may include existing legal boundaries such as reserve forest, protected forest, National Parks and Sanctuaries and such delineation shall formalize and recognize the powers of the community in access, conservation and sustainable use of such community forest resources.”¹⁸

(2) The Forest Rights Committee' shall then record its findings on the claim and present the same to the Gram Sabha for its consideration.

¹⁸ Inserted by Rule 10 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

(3) If there are conflicting claims in respect of the traditional or customary boundaries of another village or if a forest area is used by more than one Gram Sabha, the Forest Rights Committees of the respective Gram Sabhas shall meet jointly to consider the nature of enjoyment of such claims and submit the findings to the respective Gram Sabhas in writing: Provided that if the Gram Sabhas are not able to resolve the conflicting claims, it shall be referred by the Gram Sabha to the Sub-Divisional Level Committee for its resolution.

(4) On a written request of the Gram Sabha or the Forest Rights Committee for information, records or documents, the concerned authorities shall provide an authenticated copy of the same to the Gram Sabha or Forest Rights Committee, as the case may be, and facilitate its clarification, if required, through an authorized officer.

12 A. Process of recognition of rights.-

(1) On receipt of intimation from the Forest Rights Committee, the officials of the Forest and Revenue departments shall remain present during the verification of the claims and the verification of evidences on the site and shall sign the proceedings with their designation, date and comments, if any.

(2) If any objections are made by the Forest or Revenue departments at a later date to a claim approved by the Gram Sabha, for the reason that their representatives were absent during field verification, the claim shall be remanded to the Gram Sabha for re-verification by the committee where objection has been raised and if the representatives again fail to attend the verification process the Gram Sabha's decision on the field verification shall be final.

(3) In the event of modification or rejection of a claim by the Gram Sabha or a recommendation for modification or rejection of a claim forwarded by the Sub-Divisional Level Committee to the District Level Committee, such decision or recommendation on the claim shall be communicated in person to the claimant to enable him to prefer a petition to the Sub-Divisional Level Committee or District Level Committee as the case may be, within a period of sixty days which shall be extendable to a period of thirty days at the discretion of the above said committees.

(4) If any other state agency desires to object to a decision of the Gram Sabha or the Sub-Divisional Level Committee, it shall file an appeal before the Sub-Divisional Level Committee or the District Level Committee, as the case may be, which shall be decided by the Committee (in the absence of the representative of the concerned agency, if any) after hearing the claimant.

(5) No petition of the aggrieved person shall be disposed of, unless he has been given a reasonable opportunity to present anything in support of his claim.

(6) The Sub-Divisional Level Committee or the District Level Committee shall remand the claim to the Gram Sabha for re-consideration instead of modifying or rejecting the same, in case the resolution or the recommendation of the Gram Sabha is found to be incomplete or prima-facie requires additional examination.

(7) In cases where the resolution passed by the Gram Sabha, recommending a claim, with supporting documents and evidence, is upheld by the Sub-Divisional Level Committee with or without modifications, but the same is not approved by the District Level Committee, the District Level Committee shall record detailed reasons for not accepting the recommendations of the Gram Sabha or the Sub-Divisional Level Committee as the case may be, in writing, and a copy of the order of the District Level Committee along with the reasons shall be made available to the claimant or the Gram Sabha or the Community as the case may be.

(8) The land rights for self-cultivation recognised under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 3 shall be, within the specified limit, including the forest lands used for allied activities ancillary to cultivation, such as, for keeping cattle, for winnowing and other post-harvest activities, rotational fallows, tree crops and storage of produce.

(9) On completion of the process of settlement of rights and issue of titles as specified in Annexure II, III and IV of these rules, the Revenue and the Forest departments shall prepare a final map of the forest land so vested and the concerned authorities shall incorporate the forest rights so vested in the revenue and forest records, as the case may be, within the specified period of record updation under the relevant State laws or within a period of three months, whichever is earlier.

(10) All decisions of the Sub-Divisional Level Committee and District Level Committee that involve modification or rejection of a Gram Sabha resolution or recommendation of the Sub Divisional Level Committee shall give detailed reasons for such modification or rejection, as the case may be:

Provided that no recommendation or rejection of claims shall be merely on any technical or procedural grounds:

Provided further that no committee (except the Gram Sabha or the Forest Rights Committee) at the Block or Panchayat or forest beat or range level, or any individual officer of any rank shall be empowered to receive claims or reject, modify, or decide any claim on forest rights.

(11) The Sub-Divisional Level Committee or the District Level Committee shall consider the evidence specified in rule 13 while deciding the claims and shall not insist upon any particular form of documentary evidence for consideration of a claim.

Explanation: 1. Fine receipts, encroacher lists, primary offence reports, forest settlement reports, and similar documentation by whatever name called, arisen during prior official exercise, or the lack thereof, shall not be the sole basis for rejection of any claim.

2. The satellite imagery and other uses of technology may supplement other form of evidence and shall not be

treated as a replacement.¹⁹

12 B. Process of Recognition of Community Rights:-

(1) The District Level Committee shall, in view of the differential vulnerability of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups as described in clause (e) of sub-section (i) of section 3 amongst the forest dwellers, ensure that all Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups receive habitat rights, in consultation with the concerned traditional institutions of Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups and their claims for habitat rights are filed before the concerned Gram Sabhas, wherever necessary by recognizing floating nature of their Gram Sabhas.

(2) The District Level Committee shall facilitate the filing of claims by pastoralists, transhumant and nomadic communities as described in clause (d) of sub-section (i) of section 3 before the concerned Gram Sabhas.

(3) The District Level Committee shall ensure that the forest rights under clause (i) of sub-section (1) of section 3 relating to protection, regeneration or conservation or management of any community forest resource, which forest dwellers might have traditionally been protecting and conserving for sustainable use, are recognized in all villages with forest dwellers and the titles are issued.

(4) In case where no community forest resource rights are recognized in a village, the reasons for the same shall be recorded by the Secretary of the District Level Committee.

(5) The conversion of forest villages, unrecorded settlement under clause (h) of section 3 shall include the actual land-use of the village in its entirety, including lands required for current or future community uses, like, schools, health facilities and public spaces.²⁰

13. Evidence for determination of forest rights.-

(1) The evidence for recognition and vesting of forest rights shall, inter alia, include -

- (a) public documents, Government records such as Gazetteers, Census, survey and settlement reports, maps, satellite imagery, working plans, management plans, micro-plans, forest enquiry reports, other forest records, record of rights by whatever name called, pattas or leases, reports of committees and commissions constituted by the Government, Government orders, notifications, circulars, resolutions;
- (b) Government authorised documents such as voter identity card, ration card, passport, house tax

¹⁹ Inserted by Rule 11 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

²⁰ Inserted by Rule 11 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

- receipts, domicile certificates;
- (c) physical attributes such as house, huts and permanent improvements made to land including levelling, bunds, check dams and the like;
 - (d) quasi-judicial and judicial records including court orders and judgments;
 - (e) research studies, documentation of customs and traditions that illustrate the enjoyment of any forest rights and having the force of customary law, by reputed institutions, such as Anthropological Survey of India;
 - (f) any record including maps, record of rights, privileges, concessions, favours, from erstwhile princely States or provinces or other such intermediaries;
 - (g) traditional structures establishing antiquity such as wells, burial grounds, sacred places;
 - (h) genealogy tracing ancestry to individuals mentioned in earlier land records or recognized as having been legitimate resident of the village at an earlier period of time;
 - (i) Statement of elders other than claimants, reduced in writing.
- (2) An evidence for “Community Forest Resource”²¹ inter alia, include –
- (a) community rights such as nistar by whatever name called;
 - (b) traditional grazing grounds; areas for collection of roots and tubers, fodder, wild edible fruits and other minor forest produce; fishing grounds; irrigation systems; sources of water for human or livestock use, medicinal plant collection territories of herbal practitioners;
 - (c) remnants of structures built by the local community, sacred trees, groves and ponds or riverine areas, burial or cremation grounds;
 - (d) Government records or earlier classification of current reserve forest as protected forest or as gochar or other village common lands, nistari forests
 - (e) Earlier or current practice of traditional agriculture.”²²
- (3) The Gram Sabha, the Sub-Divisional Level Committee and the District Level Committee shall consider more than one of the above-mentioned evidences in determining the forest rights.

14. Petitions to Sub-Divisional Level Committee.-

²¹ Substituted by Rule 12(i) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

Rule 13 “community forest rights”

²² Inserted by Rule 12 (2) of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

(1) Any person aggrieved by the resolution of the Gram Sabha may within a period of sixty days from the date of the resolution file a petition to the Sub-Divisional Level Committee.

(2) The Sub-Divisional Level Committee shall fix a date for the hearing and intimate the petitioner and the concerned Gram Sabha in writing as well as through a notice at a convenient public place in the village of the petitioner at least fifteen days prior to the date fixed for the hearing.

(3) The Sub-Divisional Level Committee may either allow or reject or refer the petition to concerned Gram Sabha for its reconsideration.

(4) After receipt of such reference, the Gram Sabha shall meet within a period of thirty days, hear the petitioner, pass a resolution on that reference and forward the same to the Sub-Divisional Level Committee.

(5) The Sub-Divisional Level Committee shall consider the resolution of the Gram Sabha and pass appropriate orders, either accepting or rejecting the petition.

(6) Without prejudice to the pending petitions, Sub-Divisional Level Committee shall examine and collate the records of forest rights of the other claimants and submit the same through the concerned Sub-Divisional Officer to the District Level Committee.

(7) In case of a dispute between two or more Gram Sabhas and on an application of any of the Gram Sabhas or the Sub-Divisional Level Committee on its own, shall call for a joint meeting of the concerned Gram Sabhas with a view to resolving the dispute and if no mutually agreed solution can be reached within a period of thirty days, the Sub-Divisional Level Committee shall decide the dispute after hearing the concerned Gram Sabhas and pass appropriate orders.

15. Petitions to District Level Committee:-

(1) Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Sub-Divisional Level Committee may within a period of sixty days from the date of the decision of the Sub-Divisional Level Committee file a petition to the District Level Committee.

(2) The District Level Committee shall fix a date for the hearing and intimate the petitioner and the concerned Sub-Divisional Level Committee in writing as well as through a notice at a convenient public

place in the village of the petitioner at least fifteen days prior to the date fixed for the hearing.

(3) The District Level Committee may either allow or reject or refer the petition to concerned Sub-Divisional Level Committee for its reconsideration.

(4) After receipt of such reference, the Sub-Divisional Level Committee shall hear the petitioner and the Gram Sabha and take a decision on that reference and intimate the same to the District Level Committee.

(5) The District Level Committee shall then consider the petition and pass appropriate orders, either accepting or rejecting the petition.

(6) The District Level Committee shall send the record of forest rights of the claimant or claimants to the District Collector or District Commissioner for necessary correction in the records of the Government.

(7) In case there is a discrepancy between orders of two or more Sub-Divisional Level Committees, the District Level Committee on its own, shall call for a joint meeting of the concerned Sub-Divisional Level Committees with a view to reconcile the differences and if no mutually agreed solution can be reached, the District Level Committee shall adjudicate the dispute after hearing the concerned Sub-Divisional Level Committees and pass appropriate orders

16. Post Claim support and handholding to holders of forest rights:

The State Government shall ensure through its departments especially tribal and social welfare, environment and forest, revenue, rural development, panchayati raj and other departments relevant to upliftment of forest dwelling scheduled tribes and other traditional forest dwellers, that all government schemes including those relating to land improvement, land productivity, basic amenities and other livelihood measures are provided to such claimants and communities whose rights have been recognized and vested under the Act.²³

²³ Inserted by Rule 13 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)



Dr. Bachittar Singh, Joint Secretary
[F. No.17014/ 02/ 2007–PC&V (Vol.VII)]
The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers
(Recognition of Forest Rights) Rules, 2007
Government of India
Ministry of Tribal Affairs

.....
[F.No. 23011/32/2010-(Vol. II)]
Dr. Sadhana Rout, Joint Secretary
The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers
(Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012

ANNEXURE - I
[See rule 6(l)]
FORM – A
CLAIM FORM FOR RIGHTS TO FOREST LAND
[See rule 11(1)(a)]

1. Name of the claimant (s):
2. Name of the spouse
3. Name of father/ mother
4. Address:
5. Village:
6. Gram Panchayat:
7. Tehsil/ Taluka:
8. District:
9. (a) Scheduled Tribe : Yes/ No (Attach authenticated copy of Certificate)
(b) Other Traditional Forest Dweller: Yes/ No
(If a spouse is a Scheduled Tribe (attach authenticated copy of certificate))
10. Name of other members in the family with age:
(including children and adult dependents)

Nature of claim on land:

1. Extent of forest land occupied
 - a. for habitation
 - b. for self-cultivatio, if any:
(See Section 3 (1) (a) of the Act)
1. disputed lands if any:
(See Section 3(1)(f) of the Act)
2. Pattas/ leases/ grants, if any:
(See Section 3(1)(g) of the Act)
3. Land for in situ rehabilitation or alternative land, if any:
(See Section 3(1)(m) of the Act)
4. Land from where displaced without land compensation:

(See Section 4(8) of the Act)

5. Extent of land in forest villages, if any:

(See Section 3(1)(h) of the Act)

6. Any other traditional right, if any:

(See Section 3(1)(l) of the Act)

7. Evidence in support:

(See Rule 13)

8. Any other information:

Signature/ Thumb Impression of the Claimant(s):

The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers

(Recognition of Forest Rights) Rules, 2007

Government of India

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FORM – B
CLAIM FORM FOR COMMUNITY RIGHTS
[See rule 11(1)(a) and (4)]

1. Name of the claimant(s):
 - a. FDST community: Yes/ No
 - b. OTFD community: Yes/ No

2. Village:
3. Gram Panchayat:
4. Tehsil/ Taluka:
5. District:

Nature of community rights enjoyed:

1. Community rights such as nistar, if any:
(See Section 3(1)(b) of the Act)
2. Rights over minor forest produce, if any:
(See Section 3(1)(c) of the Act)
3. Community rights
 - a. Uses or entitlements (fish, water bodies), if any:
 - b. Grazing, if any
 - c. traditional resource access for nomadic and pastoralist, if any:
(See Section 3(1)(g) of the Act)
4. Community tenures of habitat and habitation for PTGs and pre-agricultural communities, if any:
(See Section 3 (1)(e) of the Act)
5. Right to access biodiversity, intellectual property and traditional knowledge, if any:
(See Section 3 (1)(k) of the Act)
6. Other traditional right, if any:
(See Section 3(1)(l) of the Act)

7. Evidence in support:

(See Rule 13)

8. Any other information

Signature / Thumb Impression
of the Claimant (s):

The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers
(Recognition of Forest Rights) Rules, 2007

Government of India
Ministry of Tribal Affairs

"FORM – C²⁴

CLAIM FORM FOR RIGHTS TO COMMUNITY FOREST RESOURCE

[See section 3(1)(i) of the Act and rule 11(1) and 4(a)]

1. Village/Gram Sabha:

2. Gram Panchayat:

3. Tehsil/ Taluka:

4. District:

5. Name(s) of members of the gram sabha [Attach as separate sheet, with status of Scheduled Tribes/Other Traditional Forest Dwellers indicated next to each member].

Presence of few Scheduled Tribes/ Other Traditional forest Dwellers is sufficient to make the claim.

We, the undersigned residents of this Gram Sabha hereby resolve that the area detailed below and in the attached map comprises our Community Forest Resource over which we are claiming recognition of our forest rights under section 3(1)(i).

[Attach a map of the community forest resource, showing location, landmarks within the traditional or customary boundaries of the village or seasonal use of landscape in the case of pastoral communities to which the community had traditional access and which they have been traditionally protecting, regenerating , conserving and managing for sustainable use. Please note that this need not correspond to existing legal boundaries.)

6. Khasra / Compartment No.(s), if any and if known:

7. Bordering Villages:

(i)

(ii)

²⁴ Inserted by Rule 14 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E),dated 6th September,2012)

(iii)

(This may also include information regarding sharing of resources and responsibilities with any other villages.)

8. List of Evidence in Support (Please see Rule 13)

Signature / Thumb impression of the Claimant(s):

The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers

(Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012

Government of India

Ministry of Tribal Affairs

ANNEXURE – II

[See rule 8(h)]

TITLE FOR FOREST LAND UNDER OCCUPATION

1. Name(s) of holder (s) of forest rights (including spouse):
2. Name of the father/ mother:
3. Name of dependents:
4. Address:
5. Village/gram sabha:
6. Gram Panchayat:
7. Tehsil/ Taluka:
8. District:
9. Whether Scheduled Tribe or Other Traditional Forest Dweller
10. Area:
11. Description of boundaries by prominent landmarks including khasra/ compartment No: This title is heritable, but not alienable or transferable under sub section (4) of section 4 of the Act.

We, the undersigned, hereby, for and on behalf of the Government of (Name of the State)..... affix our signatures to confirm the above forest right.

Divisional Forest Officer/

District Tribal Welfare Officer

Deputy Conservator of Forests

District Collector/ Deputy Commissioner

ANNEXURE – III

[See rule 8(h)]

TITLE TO COMMUNITY FOREST RIGHTS

1. Name(s) of the holder (s) of community forest right:
2. Village/ Gram Sabha:
3. Gram Panchayat:
4. Tehsil/ Taluka:
5. District:
6. Scheduled Tribe/ Other Traditional Forest Dweller:
7. Nature of community rights:
8. Conditions if any:
9. Description of boundaries including customary boundary and/or by prominent landmarks including khasra/ compartment No:

Name(s) of the holder (s) of community forest right:

- 1.....
- 2.....
- 3.....

We, the undersigned, hereby, for and on behalf of the Government of (Name of the State).....affix our signatures to confirm the forest right as mentioned in the Title to the above mentioned holders of community forest rights.

Divisional Forest Officer/

District Tribal Welfare Officer

Deputy Conservator of Forests

District Collector/ Deputy Commissioner

Annex IV²⁵

TITLE TO COMMUNITY FOREST RESOURCES

[See rule 8(i)]

1. Village/Gram Sabha:
2. Gram Panchayat:
3. Tehsil/ Taluka:
4. District:
5. Scheduled Tribe / Other Traditional Forest Dweller: Scheduled Tribes community / Other Traditional Forest Dwellers community / Both
6. Description of boundaries including customary boundary, by prominent landmarks, and by khasra / compartment No:

Within the said area, this community has the right to protect, regenerate or conserve or manage, and this (to be named) community forest resources which they have been traditionally protecting and conserving for sustainable used as per section 3(1)(i) of the Act. No conditions are being imposed on this right other than those in the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act and the Rules framed thereunder.

We, the undersigned, hereby, for and on behalf of the Government affix our signatures to confirm the community forest resource (to be named and specified in extent, quantum, area, whichever is applicable) as mentioned in the Title to the above mentioned gram sabha/community(ies).

(Divisional Forest Officer/
Deputy Conservator of Forests)

(District Tribal Welfare Officer)

(District Collector/ Deputy Commissioner)”

²⁵ Inserted by Rule 15 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E),dated 6th September,2012)

Annexure –V²⁶

Format for furnishing quarterly report

[See Rule 10 (c)]

1.	Name of State	
2.	Status of Claims	
a)	Individual Rights	
	• Filed	
	• Accepted	
	• Rejected	
	• Pending	
	• Reasons for rejection with examples	
	• Corrective measures suggested	
	• Any other observations	
	• Extent of forest land covered (in Ha.)	
	• Status of updation of forest and revenue records under section 3(1)(a) of the Act (in Ha.)	
b)	Community Forest Rights	
	• Filed	
	• Accepted	
	• Rejected	
	• Pending	
	• Extent of forest land covered	
	• Status of updation of forest and revenue record under Section 3(1) (b) to 3(1)(l) of the Act (in Ha.)	
	• Reasons for rejections with example	
	• Corrective measures suggested	
	• Any other observations	
c)	Details of Community Forest Resource	

²⁶ Inserted by Rule 15 of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Amendment Rules, 2012 (vide Notification No G.S.R. No. 669 (E).dated 6th September,2012)

	being managed and by whom	
d)	Good Practices (if any)	
e)	Area diverted under section 3(2) of the Act (in Ha.)	
e)	Any other Remarks	

(Chairman)

State Level Monitoring Committee

(Member Secretary)

State Level Monitoring Committee

Note: The principal rules were published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R. 1(E), dated the 1st January, 2008.

[F.No. 23011/32/2010-(Vol. II)]

Dr. Sadhana Rout, Joint Secretary